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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Tellus S2 MX 22
Product code	:	001F8437

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Hydraulic oil
Uses advised against		This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier :	Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom	
Telephone : Telefax :	(+44) 08007318888	
Email Contact for Safety Data : Sheet	If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com	
1.4 Emergency telephone number		

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)		
Hazard pictograms	No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	No signal word	
Hazard statements	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical haz according to CLP criteria.	ard

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		HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a he criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL H Not classified as envi according to CLP crite	ealth hazard under CLP IAZARDS: ironmental hazard
Precautionary statements	ary statements : Prevention: Response:	No proceutionary phr	2000
		No precautionary phr	
	Storage:	No precautionary phr	
	Disposal:	No precautionary phr	ases.
	2.00000	No precautionary phr	ases.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

: \* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375-34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01-2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65-0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01-2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69-9 (01-0000020163-82).

# Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil		Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Regulation 1907/2006/EC

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(<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid measures	S
General advice :	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders :	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled :	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact :	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed :	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
4.2 Most important symptoms and e	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms :	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
	Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.
4.3 Indication of any immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment :	Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.
	High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention an d possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the
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		seriousness of the underlying damage, determine the extent of involvement ma anaesthetics or hot soaks should be ave can contribute to swelling, vasospasm a surgical decompression, debridement a foreign material should be performed ur anaesthetics, and wide exploration is es	y be necessary. Local bided because they and ischaemia. Prompt nd evacuation of nder general
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sur	es	
Suitable extinguishing media	:	<ul> <li>Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.</li> <li>Do not use water in a jet.</li> </ul>	
Unsuitable extinguishing media			
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the	e substance or mixture	
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may in mixture of airborne solid and liquid parti (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evo combustion occurs. Unidentified organic compounds.	culates and gases lved if incomplete
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including c gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant	

for firefighters	gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains,

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	ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or barriers.	other appropriate		
	Local authorities should be advised if sig cannot be contained.	nificant spillages		
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				
Methods for cleaning up	<ul> <li>Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents Prevent from spreading by making a or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an abso Soak up residue with an absorbent suitable material and dispose of pro</li> </ul>	a barrier with sand, earth rbent. such as clay, sand or other		
6.4 Reference to other sections				

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

General Precautions :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer :	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc	luding any incompatibilities
Other data :	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.
	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

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	The storage of this product may be s Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Reg guidance may be obtained from the l agency office.	gulations. Further
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	container linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible rise	
7.3 Specific end use(s) Specific use(s)	: Not applicable	

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

# **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

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#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.
Hand protection		
Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

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	for > 480 minutes where suitable glo short-term/splash protection we reco recognize that suitable gloves offerin may not be available and in this cas time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and n	ommend the same, but ng this level of protection appropriate maintenance red. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is n of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical</li> </ul>	-
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>No respiratory protection is ordinaril conditions of use.</li> <li>In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not maintat concentrations to a level which is act health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meeti Check with respiratory protective eq Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask an Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.</li> </ul>	nygiene practices, d breathing of material. ain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ing relevant legislation. juipment suppliers. aitable, select an ind filter. particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials".	should be made to the
Environmental exposure co	ntrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. W treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits f must be observed for the discharge vapour.	gislation. Avoid y following advice given in adissolved material from aste water should be vaste water treatment plant for volatile substances

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available		
Viscosity, kinematic	: 190 mm2/s (0 °C) Method: ASTM D445		
	22 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ASTM D445		
	4.4 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445		
Explosive properties	: Not classified		
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available		
9.2 Other information			
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available		

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid :	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
-----------------------	--

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
products		during normal storage.

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#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acu	te toxicity		
	Product:		
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

# Germ cell mutagenicity

# Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

# Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

# Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### **STOT - repeated exposure**

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### Aspiration toxicity

## Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

#### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

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Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	<ul> <li>CMR properties</li> <li>This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.</li> </ul>	
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
(Onionic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

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12.2 Persistence and degradability	1	
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)	
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most environr enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particl mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	essment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	<ul> <li>Product is a mixture of non-volatile conserved to be released to air in any Not expected to have ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation potent potential.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., May cause programisms.</li> <li>Mineral oil is not expected to cause a aquatic organisms at concentrations</li> </ul>	significant quantities., n potential, ial or global warming hysical fouling of aquatic ny chronic effects to

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

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	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.	
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailin to a recognized collector or contractor the collector or contractor should be Disposal should be in accordance wi national, and local laws and regulation	or. The competence of established beforehand. the applicable regional,
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):	
Waste Code	: 13 01 10*	
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the user.	responsibility of the end

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for user		

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: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.	
ng to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the	IBC Code
: Not applicable	
: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bu	lk shipments by sea.
	<ul> <li>Special Precautions: Refer to Chap for special precautions which a user needs to comply with in connection</li> <li>Ing to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> </ul>

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances s (Annex XIV)	ubject to authorisation : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.
Volatile organic compounds	: 0%
Other regulations	: Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as

amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

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TSCA	: All components listed.	

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

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# **Full text of H-Statements**

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Full text of other abbreviations

<ul> <li>ion hazard</li> <li>The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.</li> </ul>
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty

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	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test determination of polycyclic aromatic KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Ir LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Conventio Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Ch Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Conce REACH = Registration Evaluation A Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Intern Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average	
Further information Other information	: No Exposure Scenario annex is atta		
	sheet as it is a non-classified mixtur substances.	re containing no hazardous	
	Under Article 31 of REACH, a SDS product. Therefore, this SDS has be basis to pass on potentially relevan under Article 32.	een created on a voluntary	
	A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin in from the previous version.	idicates an amendment	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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